



1. Who is the writer and/or speaker ?
2. When was it written and/or said ?
3. To whom was it written and/or spoken ?
4. What are the major natural divisions ?
5. What is the repeated key word ?
6. What simple sentence sums it all up ?
7. What is an application to my life today ?

Study questions for Ephesians 2v11-22

(Remember to find the answers in the verses under consideration !)

V 11 What two words shows these last verses of the first big section of this book is coming to a close in these last summary verses ?

V 12 From how many "covenants" were all other people besides the Children of Israel left out ? (This one verse proves "Covenant Theology" is all wrong. There were **many** covenants [plural in Greek] of **the** promise [singular in Greek] with or without conditions given to Israel. The covenant of the Law given to Moses has been done away by the New Testament [covenant] by the Blood of the Lamb of God, but the many other covenants still stand : The Land given to Abraham, the Kingdom given to David, the Return from Captivity given to Jeremiah, etc. God's not through with Israel ! We cannot steal their covenants, applying them to us.)

v 13 Why is it so important to remember the shedding of Christ's blood ?

Vs 14-16 Who is our Peace ? Who is the One New Man ? (These three verses prove there is no such thing as "Jewish Christians" anymore than there are "Buddhist Christians" or "Muslim Christians". There are "Hebrew Christians" and "Chinese Christians" or "Arab Christians", so we all leave our religious practices behind [the ordinances given to Moses, for Jews] when converted to Christ.)

When did this New Man begin, according to this verse ? (Again, "Covenant Theology" claims it began in Gen12 or 15, but that is obviously not possible according to this verse. There had to be two groups before they were made one !)

V 17 How should we spread the Good News according to this quote from Is59v19 ? (Don't try to do the work of the Holy Spirit who alone can convict people they are lost in sin !)

v 18 Where is the Trinity in this verse ? (When we pray the whole "Godhead" [Rom1v20 & Col2v9 LITV - Literal Translation] is addressed, not just the Father or the Son.)

v 19 What is the difference between "strangers and tenants" compared with "citizens" ? Proselytes to the Jewish religion were always accepted in Israel (Rahab, Ruth, etc), but they could never claim blood lineage.

V 20 Who began this new "Building" or "Temple" ? Why is Moses' name not mentioned ?

How can this clear understanding of the "foundation" of the Church keep us from falling into legalism, trying to apply the Law given to Moses in Christian living ? (ie. Seventh Day Adventists, Prosperity Doctrine, Reformed Theology instead of Biblical Theology)